Credit Cards and Cars: The Mathematics of the American Dream (Part I)
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Overview
Description: Given an actual credit card statement, students verify the bill. With materials from a local automobile dealership, students choose between financing and leasing a new car.
Keywords: Credit cards, car payments, simple interest, finance charges, down payments, simple interest amortized loans, financial mathematics.
Objectives: To engage students with hands-on experience with some of the calculations and analysis involved in balancing a credit card statement and choosing whether to buy or lease a car; to provide motivation for various topics in financial mathematics; to convince students of the relevance of mathematics in their daily lives.
Prerequisites: Organizational ability, attention to detail, and comfort with algebraic concepts such as order of operation and properties of exponents.
Course level: Any course, such as Algebra II, pre-calculus, financial mathematics, in which students have or develop an understanding of basic algebraic methods, or any course that develops basic formulas for simple and compound interest, and amortized loans. This is a good capstone project for the financial component of such a course.
Technology used: At least a calculator with a memory function and exponentiation key.
Required equipment/materials: To modify the project for local conditions, a current credit card bill, as well as a loan and a lease form from a local automobile dealership.
Time estimates: Instructor preparation: Minimal for project provided here, 2 to 6 hours for a customized project using local information. Class presentation: Minimal in a class that already includes basic finance formulas, several class periods to develop the formulas as ancillary material. Student work outside of class: About 4 to 8 hours. Fielding questions: Average of about 30 minutes per group. Grading: Roughly 20 minutes per project submitted.

Project Descriptions
Credit cards and cars. What could be a bigger part of the consumer consciousness? And what better means of impressing students with the immediate relevancy of mathematics in their lives? This is especially true since credit cards and car loans are often the first major financial commitments students make. But to be most convincing, the context of the financial mathematics should be real — an actual credit card bill or pages of fine print from a car dealer — not just another formula-tailored exercise in a textbook.

With this in mind, we started searching for classroom materials (included below) for our students. We found a credit card bill with sufficient complexity to expose students to some of the challenges of reading their monthly statements. We visited the local Saturn dealership and met with a very helpful finance officer, who gave us glossy picture brochures and mocked up the paperwork for buying or leasing a shiny new car. Then, we brought this material to our students and watched them delve into it. Since many of our students have credit cards, and have (or want!) cars, this material immediately attracted and held their interest. They exerted themselves considerably beyond what they would have for textbook exercises, and as a result learned and retained far more, with far greater enthusiasm. Students have commented on how valuable just the exposure to the technical details of the actual paperwork was.

The documents we collected eventually evolved into the following two projects: first, reading a credit card bill, and second, determining whether to lease or borrow money for a new car. We have used these two projects successfully for many years and updated them regularly. They require only very elementary financial mathematics, such as simple interest and amortized loan formulas. Because of this, they fit well into many different courses, including high school algebra, pre-calculus, finite mathematics, mathematics education, college algebra, and elementary business. They can be used to motivate mathematics ranging from the basic algebra skills of simplification, order of operations, and exponentiation, up through laying the foundation for exponential functions (compound interest), and evaluating finite sums (amortization formulas).

Modifying these projects to add local flavor or for repeated use is very easy. After removing identifying information, any non-trivial credit card bill will work. A car dealership will have loan and lease forms. We have had good experiences at the local Saturn dealership, but the average salesperson working on commission may not be as accommodating. It helps to call ahead to set up an appointment and explain the project. We use a spreadsheet program to generate solutions after updating a project. Since the formulas remain essentially the same, entering new raw data in the appropriate cells then generates answers for the whole project.

In the credit card project, students determine simple interest, the monthly periodic rate, the average daily balance, and the finance charge. For the statement given below, the finance charge is the average daily balance times the monthly periodic rate. Another way
credit card companies sometimes compute the finance charge is with \( F.C. = P \cdot r \cdot t \), where \( P \) is the principal or average daily balance, \( r \) is the annual interest rate, and \( t \) is the time in years. If the time \( t \) is the number of days out of 365 instead of one month out of twelve, this equation will give a slightly different value. Students should also know the difference between posted and transaction dates and between debits and credits.

In the car project, students work through the finances of two options. The first is borrowing money to buy a new car, and the second is leasing the car for three years, then exercising the option to buy. To find the amount of the monthly car payments, they will need to use the following amortized loan equation:

\[
P(1 + i)^n = \frac{\text{payment}}{i} \left( \frac{(1 + i)^n - 1}{i} \right), \]

where \( P \) is the principal, \( i \) is the periodic rate, and \( n \) is the number of payments. They will also need to find the total interest using:

\[
\text{Total interest} = n \cdot \text{payment} - \text{amount financed}.
\]

Some other charges involved in the car project include license and registration fees, sales or use taxes, and finance charges for a car loan. Students will not have to compute the fees and taxes, but they should be aware that these add significantly to the sticker price of the car. This is often a big shock to students who have not experienced a car sale before!

Because this project includes actual loan and lease forms from a car dealership, there is a lot of extraneous information. In fact, due to space considerations, two pages of legalese were omitted for this article. While the forms may be a little confusing initially, the experience of working through genuine paperwork proves very valuable to most students.

The car project is constructed so that there is very little difference between the total costs of the two options. Thus, students must consider different lifestyles in evaluating whether to buy or lease. Students may make a case for options other than the two presented in the project. For example, after leasing the car for three years, they may want to purchase another car instead of exercising their option to buy. Some students may make a case for saving more money and making a substantial down payment or even paying for the car.

Because of this, evaluating the third part of the project requires some flexibility. It is important to emphasize to students that they must support their decision with financial analysis. For example, students who advocate paying cash for the car should at least calculate the amount of money saved. Hopefully, they will also address the question of what to do for transportation while saving for the new car!

The classroom materials and solutions for both projects follow this article.

**CREDIT CARD PROJECT**

Organize the information on the credit card statement (Figure 1) in a daily balance table like the following. Then, determine the amounts that go in boxes 1, 2, and 3 of the statement below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time Interval</th>
<th># of Days</th>
<th>Transaction Total</th>
<th>Daily Balance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(beginning balance)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This statement covers the period from 3/8/98 to 4/7/98, inclusive. When filling out the table, use the date of transaction (abbreviated trans on the bill) or the initial date of the billing period (3/8/98), whichever is later. The posted date is just when the credit card company received notice of the transaction, and is not used to compute any part of the bill.

The time interval spans the period from the day of the transaction to the day before the next transaction, inclusive. To find the transaction total, sum all the transactions that occur during the time interval. Then, add (or subtract in the case of a credit) this total to the daily balance. Any transactions which occur before the start of the billing period must be included in the daily balance for the first time interval. Some transaction totals may include more than one transaction occurring on the same day.
### Account Type: Preferred MasterCard

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATE</th>
<th>TRANSACTION DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>DEBIT/CREDIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>03/10</td>
<td>CARRBORO FAMILY MEDICAL</td>
<td>239.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03/17</td>
<td>PIECE GOODS SHOP #8</td>
<td>250.71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03/25</td>
<td>U.S. AIR</td>
<td>608.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03/30</td>
<td>DILLARDS-UNIVERSITY</td>
<td>38.41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03/30</td>
<td>NOWELL'S CHP HILL INC.</td>
<td>231.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03/30</td>
<td>ROSCOE GRIFFINS 5005</td>
<td>53.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03/30</td>
<td>NOWELL'S CHP HILL INC.</td>
<td>82.68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03/31</td>
<td>DURHAM BULLS SUBSIDIARY</td>
<td>210.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03/31</td>
<td>BELK 20</td>
<td>16.96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03/31</td>
<td>T J MAXX 320</td>
<td>328.58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04/03</td>
<td>PAYMENT - THANK YOU</td>
<td>622.41</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PURCHASES</th>
<th>ADVANCES</th>
<th>PREVIOUS BALANCE</th>
<th>PURCHASES AND ADVANCES</th>
<th>PAYMENTS AND OTHER CREDITS</th>
<th>FINANCE CHARGE</th>
<th>NEW BALANCE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2,522.36</td>
<td>2,059.79</td>
<td>2,522.36</td>
<td>2,059.79</td>
<td>622.41</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4,010.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>2,522.36</td>
<td>2,059.79</td>
<td>622.41</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4,010.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>52.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Your Fee Rebate Status: Usage to Date = $1,205. Additional usage needed by 01/01 to reach $12.50 rebate = $3,795. Additional usage needed by 01/01 to reach $25 rebate = $6,295.

* You can avoid any finance charges on purchases if you pay your purchases balance in full every month.

**Figure 1.** Credit Card Statement.
Daily Balance Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time Interval</th>
<th># of Days</th>
<th>Transaction Total</th>
<th>Daily Balance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>March 8-12</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>$239.00</td>
<td>$2,522.36 (beginning balance)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 13-19</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>$250.71</td>
<td>$2,761.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 20-25</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>$608.00</td>
<td>$3,012.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 26-27</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>$352.85</td>
<td>$3,972.92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 28-28</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$398.68</td>
<td>$4,371.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 29-April 2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>$210.55</td>
<td>$4,582.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 3-April 7</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>$622.41</td>
<td>$3,959.74</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The transaction total is the sum total of all transactions occurring in the given time interval. Since the first transaction of $239 occurred on March 6 before the start of the billing period on March 8, this amount is added to the daily balance for March 8-12. Also, the daily balances for the intervals March 26-27 and March 28-28 each include three charges: for March 26-27, $352.85 = $38.41 + $231.76 + $82.68 and for March 28-28, $398.68 = $53.14 + $16.96 + $328.58.

Monthly Periodic Rate (Box 1)

The rate is found by dividing the Annual Percentage Rate by 12: 16.9% / 12 = 1.41%.

Average Daily Balance (Box 2)

The A.D.B. is a weighted average of the daily balances during the credit card period, and is found by multiplying the number of days in each interval by the balance during that interval, then summing and dividing by the number of days in the month:

\[
\frac{5($2,761.36) + 7($3,012.07) + 6($3,620.07) + 2($3,972.92) + 1($4,371.60) + 5($4,582.15) + 5($3,959.74)}{31} = \frac{111,638.60}{31} = 3,601.25.
\]

Finance Charge (Box 3)

This charge is found using the simple interest formula over the one month period of the bill. It can be found by multiplying the A.D.B. by the periodic rate as follows:

\[
\text{Finance charge} = \text{A.D.B} \times \text{monthly periodic rate} = 3,601.24 \times 0.169 = 50.72.
\]
You have decided that you want the new Saturn pictured below (Figure 2). The sticker price is $13,170.00. You could either get a loan for the car, or you could lease it for a while and then buy it. The goal of this project is for you to determine which is the best plan. This project includes the paperwork from a Saturn dealership for two options. The first is to buy the car by making an $800.00 down payment and financing the remainder with a five-year simple interest amortized loan. The second is to lease the car for three years, and then, at the end of the three years, take out a two-year simple interest amortized loan for the remaining value of the car.

Figure 2. Saturn automobile.

The first form below (Figure 3) is a copy of an actual car loan for a new Saturn. You must fill in boxes A through F (box D is just the amount of the down payment). This is a simple interest amortized loan at 9.9%, and all the information you need is in the document if you read carefully.

The second form below (Figure 4) is a copy of a lease package for the same new Saturn. Suppose you lease the car for the three years offered in the package, then exercise your option to buy the car at the end. You get a simple interest amortized loan at 9.9% for two years with monthly payments. Show your computations for what your monthly payments would be. Also, compute the total amount you would be spending on the car including both the loan payments and the three years of lease payments.

Then, discuss the advantages and disadvantages of buying the car. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of leasing the car. Make a case for doing one or the other or propose another course of action. In making your case, you do not have to assume you will exercise your option to buy the leased car. You must support your argument with financial figures and life style scenarios that validate your argument.
RETAIL INSTALLMENT CONTRACT
WITH BALLOON PAYMENT OPTIONS

1. NATURE OF CONTRACT: If this box is checked, this is a simple interest contract with a "Balloon Payment" as the last scheduled payment. If this box is not checked, this is a simple interest contract without a "Balloon Payment" as the last scheduled payment.

Buyer (and Co-Buyer):
Name(s) and Address(es)
(Inclusive County and Zip Code)
Mickey Mouse
123 Disney Drive
Orlando, FL 32804

Creditor—Seller
Name and Business Address
SATURN OF SOUTH BURLINGTON
1089 Shelburne Road
South Burlington, VT 05403
CHITTENDEN

2. WHO IS BOUND: You, the Buyer (and Co-Buyer, if any), may buy the vehicle described below for cash or on credit. By signing below, you agree to buy the vehicle on credit under the terms on the front and back of this Contract and are individually liable (jointly and severally if both a Buyer and Co-Buyer sign below) for any amount due. In this Contract, "we," "us," and "our" mean the creditor named above and, after assignment, the creditor's assignee. Chase Manhattan Bank USA, N.A. and/or any other assignee.

3. DESCRIPTION OF VEHICLE: You agree to buy and we agree to sell the following vehicle:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>New, Used or Demo</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Weight (lbs.)</th>
<th>Make and Model</th>
<th>Body Type</th>
<th>Vehicle Identification No.</th>
<th>Key No.</th>
<th>Primary Use for Which Purchased</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>New</td>
<td>1998</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>SATURN SL1</td>
<td>4D</td>
<td>0295</td>
<td>XX</td>
<td>personal, family or household business</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[If truck—describe body, gross vehicle weight and major items of equipment sold:]

4. NOTICE TO BUYERS OF USED OR DEMONSTRATION VEHICLES: The information you see on the window form for this vehicle is part of this Contract. Information on the window form overrides any contrary provisions in the contract of sale.

5. FEDERAL TRUTH-IN-LENDING DISCLOSURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE</th>
<th>FINANCE CHARGE</th>
<th>AMOUNT FINANCED</th>
<th>TOTAL OF PAYMENTS</th>
<th>TOTAL SALE PRICE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The cost of your credit as a yearly rate</td>
<td>The dollar amount the credit will cost you.</td>
<td>The amount of credit provided to you or on your behalf.</td>
<td>The amount you will have paid after you have made all payments as scheduled.</td>
<td>The total cost of your purchase on credit, including your downpayment of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.90%</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

YOUR PAYMENT SCHEDULE WILL BE:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Payments</th>
<th>Amount of Payments</th>
<th>When Payments are Due</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>Monthly beginning 10/04/97</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PREPAYMENT: You have the right to pay off this Contract early. If you do so, you will not have to pay a penalty.
SECURITY: You are giving us a security interest in the vehicle being purchased.
LATE FEE: If a payment is more than 10 days late, you will pay us the lesser of $15 or 5% of the unpaid amount of that payment.
OTHER TERMS: Please read this Contract, including the reverse side, for additional information on security interests, nonpayment, default, and our right to require repayment in full before the scheduled maturity date.

6. ITEMIZATION OF THE AMOUNT FINANCED

1. Cash Price (including any accessories, installation of accessories, and taxes): $13,175.00
2. Downpayment:
   A. Net Trade-In:
      Your Trade-In is a N/A
   B. Cash Downpayment $800.00
   C. Total Downpayment (A+B) $800.00
3. Unpaid Balance of Cash Price (1-2C): $800.00
4. Other Charges Including Amounts Paid to Others or Your Behalf:
   A. Cost of Optional Credit Insurance (Life, Disability, Accident, and Health) N/A
   B. Official Fees paid to Government Agencies N/A
   C. Government License and/or Registration Fees (Itemize) $901.20
   D. Government Certificate of Title Fees $15.00

Figure 3. Saturn Automobile Loan

The New Jersey Mathematics Teacher, January 2005, AMTNJ
CLOSED-END VEHICLE LEASE AGREEMENT

NOTE: A TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THIS LEASE APPEARS ON THE REVERSE SIDE

1089 Shibeurne Road, South Burlington, VT 05403

Lessor—Dealer Name
Mickey M. Mouse

Address
123 Disney Drive, Orlando, FL 05404

Lessor—Name(s)

1. IDENTIFICATION OF PARTIES AND VEHICLE: You (meaning each lessee signing this lease) agree to lease from us (meaning the lessor) the vehicle described below. The vehicle may be subject to certain express warranties. Unless the box at the end of this item is checked, the vehicle is subject to a manufacturer's new car warranty. The vehicle is also subject to any other express warranties or guarantees identified at the end of this item. We are assigning to you all your rights and remedies under any such express warranties or guarantees. The lease term and obligations begin when the lease is signed by you and by us. This lease includes consumer lease disclosure, which are also made on behalf of Chase Manhattan Automotive Finance Corporation, to whom we lessor intends to assign this lease, unless a different assignee is indicated.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>YEAR</th>
<th>MAKE</th>
<th>MODEL</th>
<th>BODY STYLE</th>
<th>COLOR</th>
<th>IDENTIFICATION NO.</th>
<th>LICENSE Known</th>
<th>(Where)</th>
<th>IGNITION KEY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1998</td>
<td>SATURN</td>
<td>SL1</td>
<td>4D SEDAN</td>
<td>DARK</td>
<td>Engine Type: 4 Cylinder</td>
<td>Trans Type: 5 Speed</td>
<td>Radio Type: Cassettes</td>
<td>0295</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If this box is checked, the vehicle is not subject to a manufacturer's new car warranty. If the vehicle is subject to another express warranty or guarantee, such other express warranty or guarantee is disclosed here.

2. VEHICLE RECEIPT: You acknowledge that: (a) you have received and examined the vehicle described above; (b) it is equipped as described and in good operating order and condition; (c) you accept it for all purposes of this lease; and, (d) the odometer reading is _______ miles.

3. AMOUNTS YOU WILL PAY WHEN SINGING THIS LEASE:
   a. Credit to Initial Value of Vehicle $ N/A
   b. Trade-in Year: Make: $ N/A
   c. First Month Payment (less any trade-in) $ 233.40
   d. First Year’s License and Reg. Fee $ 53.00
   e. First Year’s Personal Property Tax $ N/A
   f. Life and/or Disability Insurance $ N/A
   g. Mechanical Breakdown Protection $ N/A
   h. Other: Doc fees $ 68.00
   i. Sales or Use Tax (on and/or at) $ 316.08
   j. Other Sales or Use Tax $ N/A
   k. Total (sum of all through j) $ 670.48

4. TERM, MONTHLY PAYMENTS AND LATE CHARGES: The 1st payment is due when you sign this lease. You will make a monthly payment each subsequent month during the lease term as follows:
   a. Day of Month Each Payment is Due: 4th
   b. Lease Term (number of months): 36
   c. Monthly Rent Payment $ 233.40
   d. Sales or Use Tax (x tax rate) $ N/A
   e. Total Monthly Payment (c + d) $ 333.40
   f. Total of All Monthly Payments (c x e) $ 8,400.40

5. ESTIMATED FEES AND TAXES: You will pay when due or reimburse us for (or advance at least termination) all governmental fees and taxes, including personal property taxes, if applicable, other than our net income taxes, concerning the vehicle and this lease. We estimate the total amount to be $ 316.08.

6. REQUIRED INSURANCE: You must maintain in full force and effect the following insurance until you return the vehicle to us: (a) $100,000/$300,000/$50,000 for bodily injury and property damage liability in addition to the lessor's or owner's insurance; (b) collision, fire and comprehensive coverage in an amount equal to the fair market value of the vehicle with a maximum deductible of $500 listing us as Loss Payee and Additional Insured. The insurance policy you must have must be approved by us and must state that we will be given at least 10 days notice of any cancellation, reduction or other material change in coverage. You will furnish whichever written proof of the required coverage we may request. Any dishonor by the insurer of your insurance policy or any claim made under your policy due to your misrepresentation or other acts or omissions, will mean that you have not maintained the insurance required by this paragraph, and you will be responsible for any loss that may result from the insurer's dishonor of your policy or claim.

9. USE OF VEHICLE: You intend to use the vehicle 
   (initial only applicable box): CONSUMER LEASE - Primarily for personal, family or household purposes; or COMMERCIAL LEASE - Primarily for business, commercial or agricultural purposes, or you are an organization or governmental entity.

10. PURCHASE OPTION: You acknowledge that this is a true lease and you will not own or have any equity in the vehicle or its replacement parts unless you exercise the purchase option, if any.
   a. You have the option to purchase the vehicle from us on an AS-IS WHERE-IS basis at early or scheduled termination. The purchase price will be the sum of:
      i. A fee of $ 150.00 to purchase the vehicle (if no amount is indicated, a fee of $150 applies);
      ii. All amounts you owe under this lease that are not included in items 10a ii thru 10a v.
   b. Any official fees and taxes imposed in connection with the purchase of the vehicle; plus either:
      iii. If the purchase is at early termination, the greater of the adjusted lease balance as calculated in Item 11d or the fair market value as agreed to by the parties. If you and we cannot agree upon a fair market value within 10 days, you have the right to obtain, at your expense, a professional appraisal of the fair market value, if we can both agree to your selection of a qualified independent appraiser; or
      iv. If the purchase is at scheduled termination, the fair market value of the vehicle at scheduled termination, which you and we have discussed and determined to be: $ 7,902.00 (if option applies, cross out Item 10b); or

11. EARLY TERMINATION: You may end this lease on the due date of a monthly payment, if you are in default. You must give us 30 days' written notice that you intend to end this lease. Unless you buy the vehicle, you must return to a place we specify. At any time during this lease, we may end the lease if you default. For a list of default events, see Item 15. We may also end this lease if the events described in Item 17 occur. If you do not buy the vehicle, unless the last sentence of Item 6 applies, you will owe us at early termination the sum of:
   a. A fee of $ N/A to dispose of the vehicle (if no amount is entered a fee of $300 applies);
   b. All amounts you owe under this lease that are not included in Items 11c and d;
   c. Any official fees and taxes imposed in connection with lease termination;
   d. Any amount by which the then adjusted lease balance exceeds the vehicle's realized value at early termination. To compute the adjusted lease balance, we multiply the average monthly depreciation of: $ 160.08 by the total number of monthly payments (4b)
**CAR LOAN/LEASE PROJECT SOLUTIONS**

**5 Year Loan Option**

- **interest rate**: 9.90%
- **number of months**: 60
- **cash price of car**: $13,170.90
  
  **fees:**
  - documentation: $68.00
  - registration: $43.00
  - sales tax: $790.20
  - title: $15.00
- **total fees**: $916.20
- **cost to buy car**: $14,086.20
- **down pymt**: $800.00
- **amount of loan**: $13,286.20

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Box</th>
<th>Answer</th>
<th>How Computed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A (finance charge)</td>
<td>$3,611.60</td>
<td>total monthly pymts - amount financed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B (amount financed)</td>
<td>$13,286.20</td>
<td>monthly payment x number of months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C (total pymts)</td>
<td>$16,897.80</td>
<td>all monthly pymts + initial down pymt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D (down pymt)</td>
<td>$800.00</td>
<td>simple interest amortized loan formula--answer rounded down</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E (total sale price)</td>
<td>$17,697.80</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F (amount of pymts)</td>
<td>$281.63</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**3 Year Lease Then Purchase Option**

**The 3 Year Lease**

- **monthly payments**: $233.40
- **Number of months**: 36
- **total paid on lease**: $8,402.40

**fees:**
- documentation: $68.00
- first year lic. and reg.: $53.00
- sales tax: $316.08
- total fees: $437.08

**The 2 Year Purchase Option**

- **termination value of car fee**: $7,902.00
- **amount of loan**: $7,902.00

**Value**

- **finance charge**: $840.48
- **amount financed**: $7,902.00
- **total payments**: $8,742.48
- **amount of payments**: 364.27

**How Computed**

- total monthly pymts - amount financed
- monthly payment x number of months
- simple interest amortized loan formula--answer rounded down

**Total Cost for the Lease/Purchase Option**

- total for first 3 years + total loan pymts + $150 fee: $17,731.96

**Comparing the Two Options**

- total for loan option: $17,697.80
- total for lease/buy option: $17,731.96
- difference in options: $-34.16

The New Jersey Mathematics Teacher, January 2005, AMTNJ